# DIGITAL METERS 

## Frequency/Pulse Input Meter

Rate/Totalizer/Batch Controller Model PD693 Instruction Manual


- Pulse, Open Collector, NPN, PNP, TTL, Switch, or Square Wave Inputs
- Full Six Digit Display for Total, 4½ Digit + Extra Zero for Rate
- Display in Engineering Units; Rate per Second, Minute, or Hour
- K-Factor, Internal, or External Calibration
- Scale Without a Calibrator or Calibrate with a Signal Source
- 11-Point Linearization for Non-Linear Inputs
- Low-Flow Cutoff
- NEMA 4X, IP65 Front Panel
- 12 or 24 VDC Field Selectable Sensor Supply Standard on AC Models
- 115 VAC, 230 VAC, or 24 VDC Power Options
- Quick Preset Change Feature for Batch Control
- 2 or 4 Relays +/or 4-20 mA Output Options


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## INTRODUCTION

This instrument is a frequency/pulse input meter with flow rate, totalizer, and batch control capabilities housed in a 1/8 DIN high-impact plastic enclosure with a NEMA 4 X front. It accepts pulse ( $\pm 125 \mathrm{mV}$ to $\pm 12 \mathrm{~V}$ ), square wave ( $0-5 \mathrm{~V}, 0-12 \mathrm{~V}$, or $0-24 \mathrm{~V}$ ), open collector (NPN or PNP), TTL, or switch contact closure signals; and displays these signals in engineering units on a 0.56 " high $41 / 2$ digit LED display. The meter also provides one isolated 12 VDC or 24 VDC power supply to drive either the input or output loops. Options include up to 4 relays for alarms or batch controlling as well as an isolated 4-20 mA transmitter output.

## Features

Precision Digital is committed to improving its products and this model contains several features of interest:

- Relay Fail-Safe Jumper Easily Accessible on Display Board
- Programmable Set Points for Latching and Non-latching Operation
- Any Set Point Programmable for Rate or Total
- Quit Main Menu Scroll, Diagnostic, and Calibration with ACK Button
- Programmable Gate Function for Slow Pulse Rates
- Programmable Contact De-Bounce Filter for Noisy Contacts
- Diagnostic Menu for Troubleshooting Programmed Parameters


## Ordering Information

| 115 VAC <br> Model | 230 VAC <br> Model | 24 VDC <br> Model | Options <br> Installed | Option <br> Card* |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| PD693-3-N | PD693-4-N | PD693-2-N | No Options |  |
| PD693-3-14 | PD693-4-14 | PD693-2-14 | 2 Relays | PD174 |
| PD693-3-15 | PD693-4-15 | PD693-2-15 | 4-20 mA Out | PD175 |
| PD693-3-16 | PD693-4-16 | PD693-2-16 | 2 Relays + <br> 4-20 mA Out | PD176 |
| PD693-3-17 | PD693-4-17 | PD693-2-17 | 4 Relays | PD177 |
| PD693-3-18 | PD693-4-18 | PD693-2-18 | 4 Relays + <br> 4-20 mA Out | PD178 |

Ordering example: PD693-3-14, frequency/pulse input meter powered from 115 VAC ( -3 ) with 2 relays ( -14 ).

* Part numbers for option cards when purchased separately.


## Safety Notice

| CAUTION: Read complete | WARNING: Risk of electric |
| :--- | :--- |
| instructions prior to installation and <br> operation of the meter. | shock. |

Observe all safety regulations. Electrical wiring should be performed in accordance with all applicable national, state and local codes to prevent damage to the meter and ensure personnel safety.
Do not use this meter to directly drive heavy equipment such as pumps, motors, valves, etc.

It is recommended to use this meter in a fail-safe system that accommodates the possibility of meter failure or power failure.

Hazardous voltages exist within enclosure. Installation and service should be performed only by trained service personnel.

Les pièces à l'intérieur du boîtier portent des tensions dangereuses. Seules des personnes qualifiées et bien entrainées devraient entreprondre l'ótalonnage et la maintenance.

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## Specifications

Except where noted all specifications apply to operation at $+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## Basic Rate Meter

| INPUTS | Field selectable: Pulse or square wave $0-5 \mathrm{~V}, 0-12 \mathrm{~V}$, or $0-24 \mathrm{~V} @ 30 \mathrm{kHz}$; TTL; open collector $4.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ pull-up to 12 V @ 30 kHz ; NPN or PNP transistor, switch contact $4.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ pull-up to 12 V @ 40 Hz . |
| :---: | :---: |
| LOW VOLTAGE MAG PICKUP (Isolated) | Sensitivity: $125 \mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p}$ <br> Hysteresis: 30 mV |
| MINIMUM INPUT FREQUENCY | 0.0101 Hz <br> Minimum frequency is dependent on high gate setting. |
| MAXIMUM INPUT FREQUENCY | $30,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| INPUT IMPEDANCE | Pulse input: Greater than $300 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ @ 1 kHz . <br> Open collector/switch input: $4.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ pull-up to 12 V . |
| DISPLAY | Six digit, 0.56 " ( 14.2 mm ) red seven-segment LED Rate: -19999(0) to 29,999(0) with selectable extra zero Total: 0 to 999,999; automatic lead zero blanking |
| DECIMAL POINT | Rate: 2.9999, 29.999, 299.99, 2999.9, or extra zero may be turned on 299990 <br> Total: 9.99999, 99.9999, 999.999, 9999.99, 99999.9 Rate and total decimal points are independent of each other. |
| CALIBRATION | May be calibrated using K-factor, internal calibration, or by applying an external calibration signal. |
| K-FACTOR | Field programmable K-factor converts input pulses to rate in engineering units. May be programmed from 0.00001 to 999,999 pulses/unit. |
| MULTI-POINT LINEARIZATION | 2 to 11 points <br> Meter may be calibrated or scaled using up to 11 points. |

CALIBRATION RANGE

Input 1 signal may be set anywhere in the range of the meter; input 2 signal may be set anywhere above or below input 1 setting. An Error message will appear if input 1 and input 2 signals are too close together. Minimum input span between any two inputs is 3 Hz .

| FILTER | Programmable contact de-bounce filter: 40 to 950 Hz maximum input frequency allowed (Low speed filter). |
| :---: | :---: |
| TIME BASE | Seconds, minutes, or hours |
| GATE | Low gate: 1-98 seconds |
|  | High gate: 2-99.9 seconds |
| OUTPUT POWER | Isolated power supply field selectable, 12 VDC @ 50 mA for sensor or 24 VDC $\pm 5 \%$ @ 20 mA for output transmitter, regulated. Maximum loop resistance is $1200 \Omega$ (AC powered units only). |
| ACCURACY | $\pm 0.1 \%$ FS |
| ALARM POINTS | Four, any combination of high or low alarms |
| ALARM POINT DEADBAND | 0-100\% FS, user selectable |
| ALARM STATUS INDICATION | Front panel LED |
| PEAK HOLD (MAX DISPLAY) | Captures the peak rate and displays it via the front panel ENTER button (d5PY P) |
| PEAK HOLD INDICATION | Front panel flashing R LED |
| LOCKOUT | Jumper JP2 restricts modification of calibration values. |
| NON-VOLATILE MEMORY | All programming and totalizer values are stored in nonvolatile memory for a minimum of ten years if power is lost. |
| POWER OPTIONS | AC power: 115 or 230 VAC $\pm 10 \%, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}, 12 \mathrm{VA}$ DC power: 22-28 VDC, 6 watts maximum |
| ISOLATION | AC powered: 1500 VAC; DC powered: 500 VDC |
| ENVIRONMENTAL | Operational ambient temperature range: 0 to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Storage temperature range: -40 to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Relative humidity: 0 to $90 \%$ non-condensing |
| ENCLOSURE | 1/8 DIN, high impact plastic, UL 94V-0 |
| FRONT PANEL | Type 4X, NEMA 4X, IP65; panel gasket provided. Some applications require the use of silicone RTV to ensure a Type 4X seal (PDX690 Kit provided). |
| MOUNTING | 1/8 DIN panel cutout required. <br> Two panel mounting brackets provided. |


| OVERALL DIMENSIONS | $2.30 \times 4.25 \times 5.30$ in ( $58 \times 108 \times 135 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) |
| :---: | :---: |
| WEIGHT | 19.7 oz ( 559 g ) (including options) |
| CONNECTIONS | Removable screw terminal blocks, accept 12 to 22 AWG wire |
| WARRANTY | 2 years parts \& labor |
| EXTENDED WARRANTY | 1 or 2 years, refer to the Price List for details. |
| UL FILE NUMBER | E160849; 508 Industrial Control Equipment. <br> (AC powered models only) |

## Rate/Totalizer/Batch Controller Features

## RATE DISPLAY LED labeled $\mathbf{R}$ on right illuminates when meter is INDICATION displaying rate input.

LOW-FLOW CUTOFF

Any input below the low-flow cutoff value will result in a display of zero. May be set from 1 count to $100 \%$ F.S., user selectable. To disable low-flow cutoff, program cutoff value to zero.
In multi-point calibration/scaling, the total is based on the rate display; so, inputs below the low-flow cutoff value will not affect the totalizer.

In K-factor scaling, the totalizer ignores the low-flow cutoff; the totalizer counts every incoming pulse regardless of the rate display.

| ALTERNATING | Display may be programmed to alternate between <br> rate and total every 10 seconds. |
| :--- | :--- |
| DISPLAY |  |

TOTAL DISPLAY 0 to 999,999; automatic lead zero blanking
TOTAL DECIMAL May be set in any of the following positions:
POINT $\quad 9.99999,99.9999,999.999,9999.99$, or 99999.9 Total and rate decimal points are independent.

## TOTAL CONVERSION FACTOR

Programmable from 0.00001 to 59999.
This is a multiplier applied to the rate display to obtain the total in any engineering units.

TOTALIZER
ROLLOVER
TOTALIZER PRESETS

In multi-point calibration/scaling, the meter calculates the total based on rate display and field programmable total conversion factor to display total in engineering units. Time base must be selected according to time units in which rate is displayed.
In K-factor scaling, the meter calculates the total based on the input pulses, K-factor value, and total conversion factor.

Totalizer rolls over when display exceeds 999,999. Relay status reflects the display.

Up to four, user selectable under setup menu SEtuP. Any set point can be assigned to total and may be programmed anywhere in the range of the meter.
PRESET OFFSET Relays assigned to total can be programmed to trip at any point below the next relay's preset value.

| PROGRAMMABLE | If the meter is programmed to reset total to zero <br> automatically when the highest preset is reached, <br> then a delay will occur before the total relays reset. <br> This delay can be programmed anywhere between 1 <br> and 999 seconds. |
| :--- | :--- |
| PRIORITY BATCH | This feature allows the user to quickly change preset <br> values without going into the main menu by holding <br> the ENTER button for more than 3 seconds. |
| PROGRAMMING | Via front panel ENTER button, external contact <br> closure, or automatically via user selectable preset. |
| TOTAL RESET | Meter may be programmed so total cannot be reset <br> from the front panel. |
| TOTAL RESET |  |
| LOCKOUT |  |

Options

## Relays

| RATING | 2 or 4 SPDT (Form C); rated 2 A @ 30 VDC or 2 A @ 250 VAC resistive load; ${ }^{1}{ }_{14} \mathrm{HP}$ @ 125/250 VAC for inductive loads |
| :---: | :---: |
| ASSIGNED TO RATE OR TOTAL | Any relay may be assigned to rate or total. |
| ELECTRICAL NOISE <br> SUPPRESSION | A suppressor ( RC network) to prolong the life of the relays should be connected to each relay contact switching inductive loads. The suppressor provides a degree of protection against electrical noise caused by inductive loads. Recommended suppressor value, $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 470 \Omega, 250 \mathrm{VAC}$. See page 79. |
| DEADBAND | 0-100\% FS, user selectable |
| HIGH OR LOW ALARM | User may program any alarm for a high or low trip point. |

RELAY Latching or non-latching, field selectable OPERATION

FAIL-SAFE Relay coils are energized in non-alarm condition. In OPERATION case of power failure, relays will go to alarm state. Fail-safe operation may be disabled, by removing jumper JP6 located on the Display Board.

## AUTO <br> INITIALIZATION

When power is applied to the meter, relays assigned to total will reflect the state of the accumulated total value in memory. Relays assigned to rate will reflect the state of the input to the meter.

| RELAYS RESET | User select via JP3 jumper array and 5Etup menu |
| :---: | :---: |
| Total relays reset | When total is reset to zero, if set up for external total reset |
|  | After delay has elapsed, if set up for internal total reset |
|  | Manual any time, if set up for external total reset (via user supplied external contact closure at terminals AK and CM or front panel ACK button) |
|  | Manual reset resets all manually resettable relays. |
| Rate relays reset | Automatic reset only |
|  | Manual reset only, at any time |
|  | Automatic plus manual reset at any time |
|  | Manual reset only after alarm condition has been corrected |
|  | Automatic reset: Relays will automatically reset when the input passes the reset point. |
|  | Manual reset: Performed via user supplied external contact closure at terminals AK and CM or front panel ACK button. Manual reset resets all manually resettable relays. |


| Isolated 4-20 mA Transmitter Output |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| CALIBRATION RANGE | The transmitter output can be calibrated so that a 4 mA output is produced for any rate measured by the meter. The 20 mA output may correspond to any rate that is at least 501 counts greater or smaller than the rate corresponding to 4 mA . (Ex. $4 \mathrm{~mA}=0$, $20 \mathrm{~mA}=501$ ) If the span between 4 and 20 mA is less than 501 counts, an Error message will appear. |
| NO EQUIPMENT NEEDED | The 4-20 mA output from the meter is calibrated without the use of a calibrator. |
| OUTPUT LOOP POWER | 24 VDC $\pm 5 \%$ @ 20 mA , regulated <br> Maximum loop resistance is $1200 \Omega$. Output loop is isolated from input. |
| ACCURACY | $\pm 0.1 \%$ FS $\pm 0.004 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| ISOLATION | 500 VDC or peak AC, input-to-output or input/output-to- 24 VDC supply |
| EXTERNAL LOOP-POWER SUPPLY | 35 VDC max |
| OUTPUT LOOP | Power supply Minimum Maximum |
|  | 24 VDC $10 \Omega$ |
|  | 35 VDC (external) $600 \Omega$ |

## Display Functions and Messages

The meter displays various functions and messages during operation and programming. The following table shows the various displayed functions and messages with their description.

| Display | Parameter | Description/Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 188881 | Low Voltage | Indicates an input voltage below specifications during power up. |
| - 19999 | Underrange | Indicates the input signal is below the negative range of the meter. |
| 2 Pt5 | 2 Points | Indicates number of calibration points selected (2 to 11 points can be selected). |
| 29939 | Overrange | Indicates the input signal exceeds the fullscale range of the meter. |
| [RL lb | External Calibration | Calibrates meter using a calibrated signal source. |
| EutoFF | Low-Flow Cutoff | Sets meter to display zero below programmed cutoff point. |
| dEEPL | Decimal Point | Sets the decimal position for total and rate |
| dELRY | Delay | Sets delay on release between 1 and 999 seconds for internal total reset. |
| d IR9 | Diagnostic | Displays parameter settings one at a time for diagnostic purposes. Setting cannot be changed under this function. |
| dSPLRY | Display | Sets menu title scroll, selections are activated with lockout jumper installed. |
| d5PY 1 | Display 1 | Value displayed at input 1. |
| d5PY 2 | Display 2 | Value displayed at input 2. |
| d5PY P | Display Peak | Displays the highest rate value captured. |
| d5PY r | Display Rate | Sets rate as default display. |
| d5PY t | Display Total | Sets total as default display. |
| E r St | External Total Reset | Indicates total does not reset to zero when preset value is reached. |
| E-LRL | External Calibration | Sets meter to be calibrated using a calibrated signal source. |
| Errar | Error | Indicates calibration was not successful. |
| Errar 1 | Error 1 | Indicates a combination of parameters that exceeds the totalizer capabilities. |
| FRetar | K-factor Scaling | Programs unit to convert input pulse to rate in engineering units. |
| F MEER | Filter | Sets filter value from 2 to 50 . Maximum frequency is 950 to 40 Hz respectively. |
| ERLE | Gate | Sets low and high gate values to allow rate display of slow pulse rates. |


| Display | Parameter | Description/Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Haur | Hour | Sets time base to display rate in units per hour. |
| Hi | High Gate | Sets high gate value from 2.0 to 99.9 |
| HISPd | High Speed Filter | Sets meter to high speed filter. Maximum frequency is $30,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$. |
| 1 or E | Internal or External | Sets operation of total reset; internal or external. |
| 1 r $5 t$ | Internal Total Reset | Indicates total will reset to zero when highest preset value is reached. |
| $1-[R L$ | Internal Calibration | Sets meter for internal calibration to scale meter without applying an input signal. |
| inPt 1 | Input 1 | Sets Input 1 value. |
| inPt 2 | Input 2 | Sets Input 2 value. |
| LRLEH | Latch | Sets rate set points for latching or nonlatching relay operation. |
| LD | Low Gate | Sets low gate value from 1.0 to 98.9 |
| LD 5Pd | Low Speed Filter | Sets meter for low speed filter. Maximum frequency is 950 Hz . |
| חו | Minute | Sets time base to display rate in units per minute. |
| no PtS | Number of Points | Sets meter for 2 to 11 calibration points. |
| OFFSEL | Preset Offset | Sets preset offset value (relay n trips at a point below relay $\mathrm{n}+1$ preset value). |
| outPut | Output | Sets the optional 4-20 mA output values. |
| PL5 | Multi-Point Calibration | Selects internal or external, multi-point calibration. Power up meter with ENTER button pressed. |
| $r$ or $t$ | Rate or Total | Assigns relay set points to rate or total. |
| rREE | Rate | Sets rate decimal point, or it Indicates set point was assigned to rate. |
| rSEE P | Reset Peak | Erases peak value from memory and captures a new peak reading. |
| rSEE $t$ | Reset Total | Resets the totalizer to zero. |
| 5[RLE | Scale | Scales meter using internal calibration for desired display (signal source not required). |
| 5EL | Second | Sets time base to display rate in units per second. |
| 5Et 1 | Set Point 1 | Sets operation and value for set point 1. |
| 5Et 2 | Set Point 2 | Sets operation and value for set point 2. |
| 5Et 3 | Set Point 3 | Sets operation and value for set point 3. |
| 5Et 4 | Set Point 4 | Sets operation and value for set point 4. |


| Display | Parameter | Description/Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SELPLS | Set Points | Sets alarm set/reset points and total presets. |
| SEtuP | Setup | Sets operation of set points for rate or total, latching or non-latching, etc. |
| t bR5E | Time Base | Sets meter with correct time unit factor (seconds, minutes, or hours). |
| tot [F] | Totalizer Conversion Factor | Sets multiplier factor to display total in any engineering unit. |
| tothi | Total | Sets total decimal point, or it indicates set point was assigned to total. |
| $y$ or $n$ | Yes or No | Sets selection or de-selection of various functions. |

## SETUP AND PROGRAMMING

## Overview

Setting up and programming the meter involves three basic steps:

1. Jumper Configuration (Page 19)
a. Input selection and lockout jumpers
b. Relay acknowledge enable
c. Fail-safe operation of relays
2. Connections (Page 20)
a. Power
b. Input signal
c. Acknowledgement and reset total
d. Relays
e. $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ output
3. Programming (Page 29)
a. Basic meter
b. Rate meter
c. Totalizer
d. Batch controller
e. Relays
f. $\quad 4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ output
g. Lockout and display selection

## Programmed Parameter Settings

To simplify programming, write down the desired programming settings prior to attempting to program the meter. The Programmed Parameter Settings form located on page 83 provides a convenient method to record the user settings; it also provides the factory settings for most of the programmable parameters.

## Jumpers and Switch Configuration

## Overview

Before programming the meter, it is necessary to configure three jumper arrays and switch S1. The jumper arrays and switch S1 are used for setting the type of input signal; excitation voltage, enable relay acknowledgement (ACK), and setting relay fail-safe operation. Removing the lockout jumper enables the programming functions.

Jumper Arrays \& Switch Function

| Function | Label | Location | Diagram |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Input Signal | JP5, JP7, S1 | Main Board | Figure 1 |
| Excitation | JP1 |  |  |
| Lockout | JP2 |  |  |
| Relay ACK Enable | JP3 | Display Board | Figure 2 |
| Fail-Safe | JP6 | Display Board | Figure 2 |



Figure 1. Input Signal Selection \& Lockout

| Function | JP5 <br> $(\mathbf{1 - 2})$ | JP5 <br> $(\mathbf{2 - 3})$ | JP7 <br> $\mathbf{( 1 - 2 )}$ | JP7 <br> $(\mathbf{2 - 3})$ | Switch <br> S1 | JP1 | JP2 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\pm 125 ~ m V ~ t o ~$ <br> 12 V <br> Pulse Input | Off | On | Off | On | B |  |  |
| O-5 V Pulse Input | On | Off | Off | On | A |  |  |
| 0-24 V Pulse Input | Off | On | Off | On | A |  |  |
| NPN Input | Off | On | Off | On | A |  |  |
| PNP Input | Off | On | On | Off | A |  |  |
| 12 VDC (P+, P-) <br> Excitation |  |  |  |  |  | On |  |
| 24 VDC (P+, P-) <br> Excitation |  |  |  |  |  | Off |  |
| Lockout |  |  |  |  |  |  | On |



Figure 2. Relay Acknowledge Enable \& Fail-Safe Jumper

Relay Acknowledge Enable (Display Board)

| Jumper JP3 Position | Function |
| :---: | :--- |
| 1 | Enable relay 1 manual reset |
| 2 | Enable relay 2 manual reset |
| 3 | Enable relay 3 manual reset |
| 4 | Enable relay 4 manual reset |

Fail-Safe Operation of Relays (Display Board)

| Jumper <br> JP6 Position | Function |
| :---: | :--- |
| On | Apply fail-safe function to the relays |
| Off | Disable fail-safe function to the relays |

## Note:

Meters manufactured prior to 3/17/04 do not have a fail-safe jumper on the Display Board and require the removal of the Options Board from the case in order to disable the fail-safe operation. Refer to page 81 for option card removal.

## Connections

## Overview

The following connections are made to removable screw terminal connectors supplied with each meter:

- Power
- Input Signal
- Acknowledgement and Reset Total
- Relays
- 4-20 mA Output

Disconnect power to the meter prior to performing the following procedures.

## Wiring Instructions

Refer to Figure 3 for connectors' location.

1. All field connections to be made with insulated copper wire, either solid or stranded. Tighten all screw terminals to $4.5 \mathrm{in}-\mathrm{lb}(0.5 \mathrm{Nm})$. Strip length $=1 / 4$ in $(7 \mathrm{~mm})$. DO NOT pre-treat wire with solder.
2. Terminals $\mathrm{L}(\mathrm{V}+), \mathrm{L}(\mathrm{V}-)$ on Main Board connector and terminals 1-6 on J2-J3, Options Board : Use AWG \#12-18 wire, 600 volt, $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Connect only one wire to each terminal.
3. Terminals AK, R, CM, S+, S-, P-, P+ on Main Board and terminals +, - on Options Board: Use AWG \#12-22 wire, 150 volt, $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. If using AWG \#20 or smaller wire, up to two wires may be connected to each terminal. If using AWG \#18 or larger wire, only one wire may be connected to each terminal.

## Terminals Designation

| Terminal | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| L, L | AC input power |
| V+, V- | DC input power |
| P+, P- | 12 or 24 VDC <br> output power |
| S+, S- | Input signal |
| CM | Common (return) <br> for AK and R |


| Terminal | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| $R$ | External total <br> reset |
| AK | External relay <br> acknowledge |
| ,+- | $4-20$ mA output |
| $1-6$ | Relays 1-4 |
|  |  |



Figure 3. AC Power \& Signal Connector Diagram

## DC Model Power and Signal Connector



Figure 4. DC Power \& Signal Connector Diagram

## Power Connections



Disconnect power to the meter before making any connections.


Connecting 230 VAC to meters designed for 115 VAC will result in damage to the instrument as well as endanger personnel.


Do not connect power or earth ground to any unused or CM terminals.
Connect power to terminals $\mathrm{L}(\mathrm{V}-)$ and $\mathrm{L}(\mathrm{V}+)$ on Main Board screw terminal connector, located at the rear of the instrument.

Notice:

- Primary voltages must not be accessible to the user.
- Primary wires must be installed in accordance to the applicable standards.
- Keep the primary wires separated from signal cables.


Figure 5. Input Power Connections

## Signal Connections

Signal connections are made to the connector on the Main Board. This connector also includes connections for power, acknowledgement, reset total, and common. Refer to Figure 3 for location.


Figure 6. Flowmeter Powered by Internal Power Supply


Figure 7. Flowmeter Powered by External Supply


Figure 8. Self-Powered Magnetic Pickup Flowmeter


Figure 9. Open Collector Transistor Output


Figure 10. Switch Contact Closure

## Acknowledgement, Reset Total Connections

Acknowledgement and reset total terminals provide a convenient method to remotely access the following functions:

| Terminal | Function |
| :--- | :--- |
| AK | Acknowledges or resets relays, exit <br> menu scroll, diagnostic and calibration. |
| R | Resets total to zero. |



Figure 11. External Control Connections

## Optional Relays and 4-20 mA Output Terminals

Depending on the model number, the Options Board may contain 2 or 4 relays and an isolated $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ output transmitter. Relay connections are made to removable screw terminal connectors located at J2 and J3 on the Options Board. Connections for the isolated 4-20 mA output option are made to J1 on the Options Board.

| Function | Screw Terminal <br> Connector | Pin Number |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Transmitter + | J 1 | 1 |
| Transmitter - | J 1 | 2 |
| Relay 1 Common | J 2 | 1 |
| Relay 1 NC | J 2 | 2 |
| Relay 1 NO | J 2 | 3 |
| Relay 2 Common | J 2 | 4 |
| Relay 2 NC | J 2 | 5 |
| Relay 2 NO | J 2 | 6 |
| Relay 3 Common | J 3 | 1 |
| Relay 3 NC | J 3 | 2 |
| Relay 3 NO | J 3 | 3 |
| Relay 4 Common | J 3 | 4 |
| Relay 4 NC | J 3 | 5 |
| Relay 4 NO | J 3 | 6 |



Figure 12. Connectors Location - Rear View of Meter

## Isolated 4-20 mA Output Option Connections

The meter can be equipped with an isolated 4-20 mA output signal option that can be programmed to produce a 4-20 mA output for virtually any rate display with at least a 501 count span.
The following diagrams illustrate the 4-20 mA output signal being powered from the meter's internal power supply and by an external power supply.


Figure 13. Output Loop Powered by Meter


Figure 14. Output Loop Powered from External Supply


If the output loop is powered by an external supply, the loop power supply must be turned on before the meter is turned on. Otherwise, the output loop signal may be incorrect.

## Programming

## Overview

The meter is programmed using the ENTER button, three jumper arrays, and switch S1. The ENTER button is used to calibrate the meter, program various totalizer functions, and to set alarm trip and reset points. The jumper arrays are used for programming the input signal, lockout, relay acknowledge enable, and relay fail-safe operation. This section of the manual deals with programming the following aspects of the meter:

- Basic Meter Programming
- Rate Meter Setup
- Totalizer Programming
- Set Point Setup and Programming
- Isolated 4-20 mA Output Programming (output)
- Lockout and Display Selection Programming


## General Programming Description

All programming is performed using the ENTER button. To set up a function there are sequential steps that have to be performed. As each step progresses, either a single digit or the entire display will flash. The flashing digit, or flashing display, will be looking for acknowledgement if it is the desired digit or display. Pressing the ENTER button will accept the value. If the flashing display or digit is not the one desired, wait and the value will change.
Each digit will flash for 3 seconds before it starts to change, when it is accepted the next digit will flash for 3 seconds. This procedure will continue until the ENTER button is pressed while the desired option is flashing. As the programming progresses there will be times when a decision has to be made, an example is yes or no ( 4 or $n$ ).

## ENTER and ACK Functionality

The ENTER button is used to program the meter for various functions. The ACK button is used to acknowledge the relays during operation and to quit main menu scroll during programming, diagnostic menu, and calibration.

## Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions

1. If flashing display is OK, press ENTER to accept it, before display stops flashing.
2. If flashing display is not OK, (or if ENTER was not pressed in time to accept it), wait for the first digit to flash.
3. If a flashing digit is OK, press ENTER to accept it, before it starts to scroll.
4. If a flashing digit is not OK, (or if ENTER was not pressed in time to accept it) wait for digit to scroll, and press ENTER when OK.
5. Digits will scroll until ENTER is pressed. When a digit is accepted by pressing ENTER, next digit flashes.
The display will scroll through the following main menu functions in the order shown:

| Display | Type of Function |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { dSPY r or } \\ & \text { dSPY } t \end{aligned}$ | Displays rate or display total. |
| rSEt t | Resets total to zero. |
| dSPY P | Displays and hold peak reading. |
| FRator, CRL ib or 5LRLE | Calibrates meter after setting it for K-factor, external or internal calibration. |
| Cutoff | Sets low-flow cutoff point. |
| $t$ bRSE | Sets time base. |
| tot [F | Sets totalizer conversion factor. |
| dELPt | Sets rate and total decimal point. |
| SEtup | Sets set points for rate or total, latching or nonlatching relays. |
| SEtPt5 | Sets alarms set/reset points and batch presets. |
| outPut | Sets $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ output values, if option is installed. |
| dSPLRY | Includes or excludes menu titles from scroll. |
| d IR9 | Displays parameter settings one at a time for diagnostic purposes. |

To quit main menu scroll, diagnostic menu, calibration, or scaling press ACK while displaying menu item or while display is flashing input n or display n , where n is the input or display number.


Figure 15. K-Factor Scaling Flowchart

## Basic Meter Programming

## Overview

The meter is programmed using the ENTER button, three jumper arrays, and switch S1. The ENTER button is used to calibrate the meter, program various totalizer functions, and to set alarm trip and reset points. The jumper arrays are used for programming the input signal, lockout, relay acknowledge enable, and relay fail-safe operation. There are three steps for programming the basic meter functions:

1. Select Input Signal
2. Select K-Factor, Calibration, or Scaling Method
3. Program K-Factor, Calibrate or Scale the Meter

To disable the relays' fail-safe operation it is necessary to remove the snap-off cover from the enclosure and remove the fail-safe jumper JP6 on the Display Board, see Figure 2 on page 20.

Note To simplify programming, write down the desired programming settings prior to attempting to program the meter. The
Programmed Parameter Settings form located on page 83 provides a convenient method to record the user settings; it also provides the factory settings for most of the programmable parameters.

## Quit Menu Scroll, Diagnostic, and Calibration

To quit main menu scroll, diagnostic menu, calibration, or scaling press ACK while displaying menu item or while display is flashing input n or display n , where n is the input or display number.

## Minimum Input Span (Error Message)

The calibration input signals must be within the range of the meter and input 2 must be greater than input 1. However, the display for input 2 does not have to be greater than the desired display for input 1.
If input 1 signal and input 2 signal are within 3 Hz , an Error message will appear and the display will return to the current input to be calibrated. To terminate calibration process press ACK button.

## Select Input Signal

The meter can be programmed to accept all the common pulse inputs and contact closure signals using jumper JP5, JP7, and S1 switch located on the Main Board, at the rear of the instrument. Jumper JP1 sets the excitation voltage to 12 VDC or 24 VDC.


Figure 16. Input Signal Selection \& Lockout

| Function | JP5 <br> (1-2) | JP5 <br> $(2-3)$ | JP7 <br> (1-2) | JP7 <br> $(2-3)$ | Switch <br> S1 | JP1 | JP2 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\pm 125 ~ m V ~ t o ~$ <br> Pulse Input V | Off | On | Off | On | B |  |  |
| 0-5 V Pulse Input | On | Off | Off | On | A |  |  |
| 0-24 V Pulse Input | Off | On | Off | On | A |  |  |
| NPN Input | Off | On | Off | On | A |  |  |
| PNP Input | Off | On | On | Off | A |  |  |
| 12 VDC (P+, P-) <br> Excitation |  |  |  |  |  | On |  |
| 24 VDC (P+, P-) <br> Excitation |  |  |  |  |  | Off |  |
| Lockout |  |  |  |  |  |  | On |

The meter can also be programmed to restrict personnel from making changes to the meter's programming by installing a jumper over JP2 pins on Main Board. For a complete description of the Lockout and Display Selection Programming features, see page 61.

## Select K-Factor, Calibration, or Scaling Method

The meter may be scaled using the K-factor function, calibrated using an external signal source such as a calibrator, or scaled using the internal source with the 1 - CRL (internal calibration) feature. With $1-$ [RL, a frequency input signal can be scaled for any display range without applying a signal.
To select Calibration Method, apply power with ENTER button pressed.

1. When display stops flashing, release ENTER button. Display alternates between PLS and FRctor.
2. To select multi-point calibration/scaling, press ENTER when Pt5 is displayed.
3. To calibrate meter with an external source, such as a calibrator, press ENTER when E-LRL appears.
4. To scale meter with internal source, press ENTER when t-[RL appears.
After the calibration method has been selected, the meter returns to reading mode. To perform K-factor scaling, calibration, or scaling follow the corresponding procedure on pages 36-39.

## Set Rate and Total Decimal Point

The totalizer decimal point may be set independently of the rate decimal point. For instance, it is possible to have a rate decimal point set at 2999.9 and a totalizer decimal point set at 999.999.

| Set decimal point <br> Press ENTER when the dE[PE (decimal point) function appears. The display moves to the total and rate decimal point functions. If ENTER is not pressed within 3 seconds the display moves on to the next function to be programmed. | ENTER | dELPt |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Set totalizer decimal point Press ENTER when the totRL (totalizer decimal point) function appears. | ENTER | Lothi |
| Select the desired decimal point location by ENTER when the decimal point is in the des location. If no decimal point is required press when the decimal point is not shown. The dis moves to the rate decimal point function. | ressing ed ENTER play | $999999$ <br> final $9999.99$ |
| Set rate decimal point Press ENTER when the rRtE (rate decimal point) function appears. | ENTER | rRtE |
| The decimal point will begin to scroll, and a be displayed for the sixth digit. Select decim location or extra zero by pressing ENTER wh decimal point is in the required location or ex is displayed. If no decimal point is required, ENTER when the decimal point is not shown | ero will point n <br> ra zero ress | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 299.99 \\ & \text { final } \\ & 29999 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |

## Scale or Calibrate the Meter

The meter may be scaled using the K-factor function, calibrated using an external signal source such as a calibrator, or scaled using the internal source with the $1-$ CRL (internal calibration) feature. With 1-[RL, a frequency input signal can be scaled for any display range without applying a signal.

## Scale Using K-Factor (FRctor)

| Set K-factor Press ENTER when the FRitor (K-factor) function appears. The display moves to setting the K-factor decimal point. | FRctor |
| :---: | :---: |
| Select the desired decimal point location by pressing ENTER when the decimal point is in the desired location. If no decimal point is required press ENTER when the decimal point is not shown. The display moves to setting the K-factor value. | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 99999.9 \\ & \text { final } \\ & \hline 9999.99 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Set K-factor value <br> The entire display will flash for three seconds. For instructions, see Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions, page 30. | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 001.000 \\ & \text { final } \\ & \hline 1000.00 \\ & \hline 100 \end{aligned}$ |

## Scale Using Internal Calibration ( $1-$ [RL $)$

Note To simplify programming, write down the desired programming settings prior to attempting to program the meter. The Programmed Parameter Settings form located on page 83 provides a convenient method to record the user settings; it also provides the factory settings for most of the programmable parameters.

| Press ENTER, then press it again when |
| :--- |
| the SLRLE (scale) function appears. |
| Select the number of calibration points <br> If ENTER is not pressed when no. PLS is displayed, <br> the number of points will default to whatever was <br> selected previously. To program the number of <br> calibration points, press ENTER while no. PL5 is <br> flashing. When desired number of points is <br> displayed, press ENTER. |


| Set the first calibration point <br> inPt $I$ (input 1) flashes indicating that the meter is ready to be programmed for the input corresponding to the first calibration point. Press ENTER. | ENTER | inPt |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Set the input for the first calibration The entire display will flash for three seconds. instructions, see Five Basic Digit/Display Instructions, page 30. |  | 00000.0 <br> final input 1 <br> 000200 |
| Set display for the first calibration point d5PY I (display 1) flashes indicating that the meter is ready to be programmed for the display corresponding to the first calibration point. Press ENTER. | ENTER | d5PY |
| Program the display for dSPY I (display 1) as described above when the input for the first calibration point was programmed. |  | final display 1 00020 |

## Calibration Error (Error)

A meter display of Error during calibration indicates that the calibration process was not successful. The meter should be recalibrated.
The Error message will appear if input 1 signal and input 2 signal are too close together. Refer to Minimum Input Span (Error Message), page 32.
The Error message will appear if input 1 signal is inadvertently also applied for input 2 calibration, or ENTER is pressed before applying input 2.

| Set the second calibration point inPt 2 (input 2) flashes indicating that the meter is ready to be programmed for the input corresponding to the second calibration point. Press ENTER. | ENTER | InPt ? |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Set the input for the second calibration Program the display for inPt $己$ (input 2) as described above when the input for the first calibration point was programmed. |  | 10000.0 <br> then $2000 \square 0$ |
| Set display for the second calibration point <br> d5PY 2 (display 2) flashes indicating that the meter is ready to be programmed for the display corresponding to the second calibration point. Press ENTER. | ENTER | d5PY ? |
| Program the display for dSPY 2 (display 2) as described above when the input for the first calibration point was programmed. |  | 10000 <br> final display 2 <br> 20000 |
| Set the display for the remaining calibration points, if selected. Decimal point is set up under decimal point menu (dELPL). |  |  |

## Calibrate Using External Calibration ( $E-[R L$ )

|  | settings prior to attempting to progra Programmed Parameter Settings $f$ provides a convenient method to rec also provides the factory settings for programmable parameters. |  | age 83 ngs; it |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Press ENTER, then press it again when the [RL ib (calibrate) function appears. |  | ENTER | CRL ib |
| Select the number of calibration points If ENTER is not pressed when no. Pt5 is displayed, the number of points will default to whatever was selected previously. To program the number of calibration points, press ENTER while no. Pt5 is flashing. When desired number of points is displayed, press ENTER. |  |  | no. Pt5 <br> then $\square$ <br> 2 |
| Apply the signal for the first calibration point <br> inPt $I$ (input 1) flashes indicating that the meter is ready to accept a signal for the first calibration point. Apply the desired signal and press ENTER. |  |  | L |
| Set the display for the first calibration point The entire display will flash for three seconds. Program display value per Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions, page 30. |  |  | 00000 <br> final display 1 00020 |
|  | signal for the second calibration point <br> (input 2) flashes indicating that the ready to accept a signal for the alibration point. Apply the desired d press ENTER. | ENTER | L |
| Set the display for the second calibration point Program the display as described above when the display for the first calibration point was programmed. |  |  | 10000 <br> final display 2 <br> 20000 |
| Set the display for the remaining calibration points, if selected. |  |  |  |

## Gate Function ([RLEE)

The gate function is used for displaying slow pulse rates. In the previous version of this meter, the minimum rate that could be displayed was 0.33 pulse/sec. Using the programmable gate, the meter is able to display pulse rates as slow as 1 pulse every 99 seconds ( 0.0101 pulse/sec). The gate function can also be used to obtain a steady display reading with a fluctuating input signal.
The gate function ( $\operatorname{LREE}$ ) has been added to $t$ bRSE menu. After time base is selected, CREE will appear. If there is no need to change gate setting, let it time out without pressing ENTER. There are two settings for the LREE, low gate (LD) and high gate $\left(H_{i}\right)$.

## Low Gate (LD)

For most applications, low gate setting should be left at 1.0 second. Increase low gate setting to obtain a steadier rate display. The rate display will update in accordance with the low gate setting, for example if low gate is set at 10.0, the display will update every 10 seconds; changes in rate between updates will not be reflected until next display update.

## High Gate (Hi)

Set the high gate value to correspond to the highest expected pulse width (lowest pulse rate). For instance if the meter must display a rate when there is 1 pulse coming into the meter every 10 seconds, set the high gate to 11.0 seconds. When the signal is removed from the meter, the display will show the last reading for 11 seconds; then it will read zero.

## Programming the Gate ( $[R L E$ )

| Press ENTER, then press it again when <br> the $t$ bRSE (time base) function <br> appears. Select appropriate time base, <br> after time base has been selected LRtE <br> appears. Press ENTER to set gate <br> values. |  | $E$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Contact De-Bounce Filter (FittEr)

The filter function ( $F$ iltEr ) can be used for applications where the meter is set up to count pulses generated by switch contacts. The filter value can be set anywhere between 2 and 50 , the higher the value, the greater the filtering.
To access this feature, power up the meter with ACK button pressed. When display comes on release ACK button, display will alternate between H:5Pd (high speed) and LD 5Pd (low speed), press ENTER when LD 5Pd is displayed to enable filter function. The filter function ( $F$ ILEEr) appears at the end of the main menu scroll with low speed filter selected. Program the filter value, so that there are no extra counts when contact closure is completed.

Gate and Filter Settings

| Contact De-Bounce Filter |  |  |  | Slow Pulse Rate |  |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Filter <br> Setting | Speed <br> Setting | Max Freq <br> Hz | Low <br> Gate** | High <br> Gate | Min Pulse <br> Rate (p/s) | Min Freq* <br> Hz |  |
| 2 | LO | 950 | 1 | 3.1 | $1 / 3$ | 0.3333 |  |
| 4 | LO | 450 | 1 | 10.1 | $1 / 10$ | 0.1000 |  |
| 10 | LO | 200 | 1 | 30.1 | $1 / 30$ | 0.0333 |  |
| 25 | LO | 75 | 1 | 60.1 | $1 / 60$ | 0.0167 |  |
| 50 | LO | 40 | 1 | 90.1 | $1 / 90$ | 0.0111 |  |
| N/A | HI | 30,000 | 1 | 99.1 | $1 / 99$ | 0.0101 |  |
| Minimum frequency is dependent on high gate setting. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LOw gate setting can be used to stabilize display reading with <br> fluctuating signal. <br> (Isput frequency) x (Low gate) must be < 65,000. Otherwise, <br> display goes overrange. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NOTE: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Rate Meter Setup

## Overview

The meter can be used to display flow rate. In addition to the scaling and calibration procedures described above, the only setup required for this type of application is setting the meter to display rate, and programming the low-flow cutoff if required.

## Set Display to Rate (dSPY r)

The user may select either rate or total to be set as the default displayed reading. When displaying rate, the rate LED indicator will be illuminated.

| To change the display from reading total to rate <br> Press ENTER to begin scrolling through the functions. | ㅍNEE |
| :---: | :---: |
| When d5PY r (display rate) appears, press ENTER. | d5PY r |
| The meter now displays rate and the green $\mathbf{R}$ LED on the right side is illuminated. | $4.56$ |

## Low-Flow Cutoff Programming ([utoFF)

The low-flow cutoff feature allows the meter to be programmed so that any input below the cutoff point is always displayed as zero on the rate display.
In multi-point calibration/scaling, the total is based on the rate display; so, inputs below the low-flow cutoff value will not affect the totalizer.
In K-factor scaling, the totalizer ignores the low-flow cutoff; the totalizer counts every incoming pulse regardless of the rate display.

| To set the low-flow cutoff point [utoFF Press ENTER, then press it again when CutoFF (low-flow cutoff) appears. | FutaFF |
| :---: | :---: |
| The entire display will flash for three seconds. Program low-flow cutoff value per Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions, page 30. <br> NOTE: To disable low-flow cutoff, reprogram the value to zero. | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline-19.999 \\ \hline \end{array}$ <br> then <br> 01000 <br> then $\square$ <br> 1500 <br> final $\qquad$ |

## Totalizer Programming

## Overview

The meter can also be used to display total flow. There are five functions to be programmed to allow the meter to act as a flow totalizer:

1. Set display to total
2. Set rate time base
3. Set totalizer conversion factor
4. Set totalizer decimal point
5. Set alternating display (if needed)

## Set Display for Total (d5PY $t$ )

The user may select either rate or total to be set as the default displayed reading. When displaying rate, the green rate LED indicator will be illuminated.

| To change the display from reading rate <br> to total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The meter is now displaying rate, as <br> indicated by the green LED illuminated on <br> the right side of the display. Press ENTER <br> to begin scrolling through the functions. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| When d5PY t (display total) <br> appears, press ENTER. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| The meter now displays total. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Set Rate Time Base ( $t$ bRSE)

To act as a totalizer, the meter must be programmed with the same time base as the flowmeter. The time base is the time units in which the rate is displayed. For example, if the rate is in gallons per hour then the time base must be set to Hour.

| To set the time base $t$ bR5E | ENTER | $L$ bR5E |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Press ENTER, then press it again when the <br> $t$ bRSE (time base) function appears. |  |  |
| The different units of time will scroll: minute, hour, <br> second. Press ENTER when the required unit is <br> displayed. | n7 in |  |
| The display moves to setting the gate function. If <br> ENTER is not pressed within 3 seconds, the display <br> moves to the next function to be programmed. Refer <br> to page 40. | or |  |

## Set Totalizer Conversion Factor (tot [F)

The totalizer conversion factor is a number that is multiplied by the rate to compute the total. For example, if the rate display is gallons per hour and total is desired in barrels, ( 1 gallon $=.02381$ barrels) a total conversion factor of .02381 should be used. If the rate display is gallons per hour and total is desired in gallons, a factor of 1 should be used.
The factor has a selectable decimal point. Because the decimal point is mathematically significant, values such as $1.0000,1.0$, and 1 produce identical results. However, values such as 1.1111, 1.1, and 1 produce different results. The decimal point should be set so as to produce the best resolution for the application. The maximum value for the totalizer conversion factor depends upon the decimal point selection.

| Number of Decimal Places | Maximum Conversion Factor |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 59999 |
| 1 | 5999.9 |
| 2 | 599.99 |
| 3 | 59.999 |
| 4 | 5.9999 |
| 5 | 0.59999 |


| Set totalizer conversion factor |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Press ENTER, then press ENTER again |
| when the tot LF (totalizer conversion |
| factor) function appears. |

## Set Totalizer Decimal Point

The totalizer decimal point may be set independently of the rate decimal point. For instance, it is possible to have a rate decimal point set at 2999.9 and a totalizer decimal point set at 999.999. Rate decimal point setting instructions are also explained below, ignore if the rate decimal point has been set up already.

| Set decimal point <br> Press ENTER when the dE[PE (decimal point) function appears. The display moves to the total and rate decimal point functions. If ENTER is not pressed within 3 seconds the display moves on to the next function to be programmed. | ENTER | dELPL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Set totalizer decimal point Press ENTER when the totRL (totalizer decimal point) function appears. | ENTER | tothil |
| Select the desired decimal point location by ENTER when the decimal point is in the des location. If no decimal point is required press when the decimal point is not shown. The disp moves to the rate decimal point function. | essing d NTER ay | $99999.9$ <br> final $999999$ |
| Set rate decimal point Press ENTER when the rRtE (rate decimal point) function appears. | ENTER | rRtE |
| The decimal point will begin to scroll, and a be displayed for the sixth digit. Select decim location or extra zero by pressing ENTER wh decimal point is in the required location or ex is displayed. If no decimal point is required, ENTER when the decimal point is not shown | ro will point en <br> ra zero ress | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 299.99 \\ & \text { final } \\ & 29999 \end{aligned}$ |

## Set Alternating Total/Rate Display

The display may be programmed to automatically toggle between rate and total every ten seconds. The alternating display is set up by selecting $n$ (no) for both, dSPY r (display rate) and dSPY $t$ (display total) on the dSPLRY (display) menu.

| Set alternating total/rate display Press ENTER, then press it again when d5PLRY (display) function appears. | ENTER | d5PLRS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Press ENTER when d5P r (display rate) appears | ENTER | d5Py |
| Y or $n$ (yes or no) will flash alternately. Press ENTER when $n$ (no) appears. |  | 4 or |
| Press ENTER when d5PY $t$ (display total) appears | ENTER | d5Py t |
| Y or $n$ (yes or no) will flash alternately. Press ENTER when $n$ appears. |  | $Y$ or |
| NOTE: Selections made through the display menu can be made with or without the lockout jumper installed, but only become active when the lockout jumper is installed. |  |  |

> This completes the calibration and setup of the Basic Meter and Totalizer

## Parameter Combinations Resulting in Error 1 Message

 Certain extreme combinations of parameter selections may exceed the totalizer range of the meter. If this occurs, the meter will momentarily display Error 1 immediately after a programming operation. Steps to correct this situation are:Increase the number of decimal places in rate or totalizer conversion factor, or
Decrease the number of decimal places in total.

## Set Point Setup and Programming

## Overview

The meter is available with 4 alarm points and corresponding front panel status LEDs as a standard feature. The front panel LEDs are useful for alarm applications that require visual notification only. For applications that require relay contacts, such as driving external alarm devices or batch controlling, the meter can be equipped with either two or four relays. Any of these relays may be assigned to rate or total.
Programming the relays involves four steps:

1. Setting the relay manual reset (ACK enable) jumpers:

These jumpers (JP3) are located on the Display Board and determine if a relay can be reset manually.
2. Setting the fail-safe jumper (JP6):

Fail-safe mode (default): In the alarm condition, the normally closed (NC) contacts are connected to the common (C) contacts of the relays. The fail-safe operation can be disabled, by removing jumper JP6 located on the Display Board.
3. Setting set point functions using setup (5EtUP) menu:
a. Selecting set points for rate or total.
b. Selecting latching or non-latching relay action for rate set points.
c. Selecting preset offset for total set points.
d. Selecting internal or external ( 1 or $E$ ) total reset for batch control applications.
e. Programming delay on release between 1 and 999 seconds if internal total reset ( $i$ ) has been selected.
f. Selecting pump alternation control feature for non-latching relays.
4. Programming set, reset, preset, offset, and delay values using the set points (5ELPL5) menu:
a. Set and reset points for alarms (set points) assigned to rate (thus determining high or low alarm status and deadband).
b. Preset values for set points assigned to total.
c. Preset offset values for set points assigned to total with offset selected.

## Set Relays for Manual or Automatic Reset

Jumper array JP3 located on the Display Board is used to program the relays so they can be reset manually. This jumper array, in combination with SEtUP functions of latching or non-latching for rate and internal or external total reset, provide multiple relay reset modes:

| Relays Assigned to Total |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Type of reset | JP3 Jumper <br> Position | 5EtuP Menu |
| Automatic after delay elapses | N/A | Internal ( 1 ) |
| Automatic when total resets to <br> zero + manual reset at any time | On | External (E ) |


| Relays Assigned to Rate |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Type of reset | JP3 Jumper <br> Position | 5EtuP Menu |
| Automatic only after passing the <br> reset point | Off | Non-latching |
| Automatic + manual at any time | On | Non-latching |
| Manual only at any time | On | Latching |
| Manual only after passing the <br> reset point | Off | Latching |

## Set Relays for Fail-Safe Operation

In the fail-safe mode, the relay coils are energized and the Normally Open (NO) contacts are connected to the Common (C) contacts under normal operation. During an alarm condition the relay coils are de-energized and the Normally Closed (NC) contacts are connected to the Common (C) contacts. During a power failure the relay contacts reflect an alarm condition.

Removing jumper JP6 disables the fail-safe operation. Jumper JP6 is located on the Display Board, see Figure 2 on page 20. If fail-safe mode is disabled, the operation of the relay contacts is opposite to the one described in the previous paragraph.

## Assigning Set Points to Rate or Total (5EtuP)

The optional relays can be assigned to respond to the rate or the accumulated total using the SEtuP function. Rate relays may be set for latching or non-latching operation. Total relays may be programmed for manual or automatic reset after a programmable delay on release of between 1 and 999 seconds has elapsed. Delay on release is available when internal total reset is selected. The internal total reset function is applied to the highest programmed preset value.
The SEtuP menu is used to program the following:

1. Selecting a set point for rate or total

Any set point can be set up so it responds to the rate or total display.
2. Latching or non-latching relay action for rate set points

Any rate set point can be set up so it functions as a latching or nonlatching relay. In latching mode, the relay must be reset via the front panel ACK button or an external switch wired across terminals AK and CM at connector on the Main Board.
3. Internal or external total reset effect on total relays

If internal total reset is selected, the total resets to zero when the highest preset value is reached. All relays assigned to total will automatically reset after the delay on release elapses, allowing a new batch to begin.
If external total reset is selected, relays must be reset manually. total relays also reset when total is reset to zero.
4. Preset offset for total set points

Relays assigned to total can be programmed to trip at any point below the next relay's preset value. If preset offset mode is selected the corresponding relay will always trip at a programmed offset value before the next relay trips. When an offset value is being programmed, the corresponding status LED flashes.
Example: Set point 1 and 2 are set up for total, with offset selected (under set point 2). If the preset offset is set at 10, (during Set points programming for set point 1), then relay 1 will trip 10 counts before relay 2.
5. Program delay on release between 1 and 999 seconds if internal total reset has been selected.
If internal total reset is selected, the total is automatically reset to zero when the highest preset is reached, then a delay will occur before all total relays reset automatically. The delay can be programmed anywhere between 1 and 999 seconds. Once the delay has started, the ACK button becomes inoperative for all total relays until the delay has elapsed.

## Rate or Total, Latching or Non-Latching Relays (5Etup)

| Note | To simplify programming, write down the desired <br> programming settings prior to attempting to program the <br> meter. The Programmed Parameter Settings form <br> located on page 83 provides a convenient method to <br> record the user settings; it also provides the factory <br> settings for most of the programmable parameters. |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Press ENTER, then press ENTER again <br> when the SEEuP (setup) function appears | ENTER |  |  |  |
| SELuP |  |  |  |  |
| To set up set points |  |  |  | SEL i |

5Et 1 (set point 1) will be displayed. Press ENTER to program set point 1 or wait and the display will move to the next set point. When SEL 4 (set point 4) is
then

```
5Et ?
```

shown, the meter will exit the 5EtuP (setup) menu and move to the next programming menu.
then

```
5Et 3
```

then

```
5Et 4
```

then


If ENTER is pressed while 5Et I (set point 1 ) is shown, the display will then show $r$ or $t$ (rate or total) flashing alternately.
Select the desired one by pressing ENTER when it is flashing.

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | then |
|  | SEL 4 |
|  | then |
|  | 1 or E |
|  | 5EL i |
|  | then |
|  | $\text { F or } t$ |

## Select rate

After selecting $r$ for rate, the display will show LRt[H (latching). Press ENTER to program this function. If ENTER is not pressed within 3 seconds, this function will remain programmed as it was before, and the next set point will be displayed.


After selecting $\boldsymbol{t}$ for total, the display will show 5Et 2 (set point 2), press ENTER to set up set point 2 or wait and the display will move to the next set point.
then

## 5Et 2

## Programming the second set point

The only potential difference between the way set point 2 is programmed from the way set point 1 was programmed is if set point 1 was assigned to total. If set point 1 was assigned to total, and set point 2 is also assigned to total, then the user may select offset mode after setting set point 2 for total. The offset value will be programmed during set point 1 (5EtPE5) programming and it corresponds to the value at which relay 1 trips before relay 2 trips. This feature is useful for some batch control applications.

| If ENTER is pressed while 5Et 2 (set point 2) is shown, the display will then show $r$ or $t$ (rate or total) flashing alternately. Select the desired one by pressing ENTER when it is flashing. | ENTER | $5 E t \text { ? }$ <br> then $r \text { or } t$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Select rate After selecting $r$ for rate, the display w (latching). Press ENTER to program this | LRt CH <br> on. If | For $t$ then |


| ENTER is not pressed within 3 seconds, this function <br> will remain programmed as it was before, and the <br> next set point will be displayed. | LRLEH |
| :--- | :---: |

## Setup of the remaining set points

The remaining set points, set point 3 and set point 4 are set up in the same fashion as set point 2. They can be set up as rate or total set points.

## Programming Internal Total Reset and Delay (dELRY)

## Select internal total reset and delay

After the last set point is set up or displayed, $\mathcal{I}$ or $E$ appears, press ENTER. while $!$ (internal) is flashing.
dELRY (delay) will be displayed for 3 seconds, press
dELRy ENTER to program delay. For instructions, see Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions, page 30. This completes the dELRY (delay) programming.

0000 is
final delay
000600

This completes the set points setup. The display now moves to the next programming menu (SELPE5) to program the alarm set/reset and preset values. To exit main programming menu and return to reading press the ACK button.

# Programming Alarm Points and Presets (5ELPL5) 

## Overview

The set points (5EtPE5) menu is used to program the following functions:

1. Set and reset points for alarms assigned to rate, thus determining high or low alarm status and deadband.
2. Preset values for set points assigned to total.
3. Preset offset values for set points assigned to total with DFF5Et selected

## Set and Reset Points for Rate Alarms

The meter can be programmed so any alarm point that is assigned to rate can be set for a high or low alarm. In addition, any rate alarm point can be programmed for $0-100 \%$ deadband. A rate alarm is programmed for a high alarm, by programming the set point at a higher value than the reset point. Conversely, a rate alarm is programmed for a low alarm, by programming the set point at a lower value than the reset point.
Example: To program an alarm for a high alarm at 500, with 100 counts of deadband program set and reset points as follows:

Set point: 500
Reset point: 400

## Preset Values for Total Set Points

When a set point is assigned to total, a preset value at which the relay will trip must be programmed. Unlike set points assigned to rate, which require a set and reset point, set points assigned to total require only a preset value. When the preset value is reached, the relay transfers. The relay can be programmed to reset automatically or manually.

Preset Offset Values for Total Set Points (DFF5EL)
A preset offset value can be assigned when two adjacent set points are assigned to total and the second one has been assigned to OFF5Et during SEtuP above. The first relay of a pair will trip at a programmed preset offset value below the second relay's preset value.
Example: If the preset offset value is set at 10 then the first relay will trip at 10 counts before the second relay trips.
In the above example the relay pair combination could be $1 \& 2,2 \& 3$, or $3 \& 4$.

## Programming Alarm and Preset Values (5EtPL5)

Alarm, preset, and preset offset values are programmed under the SELPE5 menu, one at a time, starting with set point 1. The set points are programmed according to whether they were assigned to rate or total during the SEtuP program. For set points assigned to rate, it is necessary to program both a set and reset points. For set points assigned to total, either a reset value or preset offset value needs to be programmed.
The 4 discrete LEDs labeled 1-4, on the display indicate which set point is being programmed.
For set points assigned to rate, there are two LEDs labeled $\mathbf{S}$ and $\mathbf{R}$ that indicate whether a set or reset point is being programmed.
When programming set points assigned to total, only one of the 4 discrete LEDs on the display will be illuminated at a time. A flashing LED indicates that a preset offset value is being programmed, a steadyon LED indicates that a preset value is being programmed.

| To simplify programming, write down the desired programming settings prior to attempting to program the meter. The Programmed Parameter Settings form located on page 83 provides a convenient method to record the user settings; it also provides the factory settings for most of the programmable parameters. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Press ENTER, then press ENTER again when the SELPL5 (set points) function appears. The display will scroll through the set points, press ENTER when the desired set point is displayed to program that set point. | ENTER | 5ELPL5 |
| If ENTER is pressed while 5EE 1 (set point 1) is shown, the display will then show a flashing number. Follow instructions below to program set points assigned to rate and set points (presets) assigned to total. | ENTER | 5Et i then $070.00$ $\square$ |

## Set points assigned to rate

For set points assigned to rate during the 5EtuP function, the alarm \# ( $1,2,3$, or 4 ) and the $\mathbf{S}$ (set point) LED will be illuminated. This indicates that the set point for alarm \# (1, 2, 3, or 4 ) is being programmed.

## Set the display for alarm \# (1,2,3, or 4) set point

 The entire display will flash for three seconds. Program set point per Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions, page 30.Set the display for alarm \# (1,2,3, or 4) reset point
As soon as the set point for alarm \# (1,2,3, or 4 ) has been programmed, the meter displays the reset point for alarm \# (1,2,3, or 4). This is indicated by the alarm \# (1, 2, 3, or 4) LED and $\mathbf{R}$ (reset point) LED being illuminated. The reset point is programmed in the same fashion as the set point above.

Press ENTER, then press ENTER again when the 5EtPE5 (set points) function appears.


## Preset values for set points assigned to total without DFF5EL

For set points that have been assigned to total without OFF5EL during the SEtuP function, the preset \# (1,2,3, or 4) will be illuminated. This indicates that the value for preset \# (1, 2, 3, or 4 ) is being programmed.

Set the display for preset \# (1,2,3, or 4)
The entire display will flash for three seconds.
Program preset values per Five Basic Digit/Display
Setting Instructions, page 30.

|  |  | I20.00 <br> final |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| I25.00 |  |  |
| Press ENTER, then press ENTER again <br> when the SELPE5 (set points) function <br> appears. | ENTER | 5ELPL5 |

## Preset values for set points assigned to total with DFF5EL

If a set point was assigned to total with OFF5Et during the SEtuP function, it means that this set point and the one before it function as a pair. That is, the first relay will always trip a specified number of counts before the second relay. This is called the preset offset value and it is programmed as the first preset in a pair of set points set up for DFF5EL. The second value in a pair of set points set up for DFF5Et represents the actual preset value.

## Set the display for preset offset and preset values

The entire display will flash for three seconds. Program presets per Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions, page 30.
then
170.00
then
120.00
final
125.00

## Isolated 4-20 mA Output Programming (outPut)

Programming the 4-20 mA transmitter output option for the meter does not require the use of a calibrator. The transmitter output can be calibrated so that a 4 mA output is produced for any rate measured by the meter. The 20 mA output may correspond to any rate that is at least 501 counts greater or smaller than the rate corresponding to 4 mA . (Ex. $4 \mathrm{~mA}=0,20 \mathrm{~mA}=501$ ) If the span between 4 and 20 mA is less than 501 counts, an Error message will appear and the previously programmed values will be retained in memory until a new set of values is accepted.

| Press ENTER, then press ENTER again when the Output menu appears | outPut |
| :---: | :---: |
| Set the display for value at which 4 mA is produced <br> The green LED labeled " 4 " will be on indicating the meter is ready to accept the value at which 4 mA is produced. <br> The entire display will flash for three seconds. Program display value corresponding to 4 mA output per Five Basic Digit/Display Setting Instructions, page 30. | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 00000 \\ & \text { final } \\ & \hline 00032 \end{aligned}$ |
| Set the display for value at which 20 mA is produced <br> The green LED labeled " 20 " will now be on indicating the meter is ready to accept the value at which 20 mA is produced. Program this value in the same fashion as it was done above. | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 10000 \\ & \text { final } \\ & \square \square 1450 \\ & \hline 0.0 \end{aligned}$ |

## 4-20 mA Output Programming Confirmation

The values that have been programmed to produce the 4 and 20 mA outputs can be quickly checked to make sure they are the desired values. To do this, access the outPut routine by pressing ENTER, and then pressing ENTER again when outPut appears. Note display values when " 4 " and " 20 " LEDs are on and press ENTER before the display stops flashing.

## Lockout and Display Selection Programming

## Overview

The meter provides the user with the ability to restrict modification of programming values and to exclude menu titles from appearing during the menu scroll. Restricting modification of the programming values is accomplished by installing the lockout jumper (JP2). Excluding menu titles from the menu scroll is performed with the dSPLRY menu.

## Lockout

The lockout jumper is used to restrict modification of calibration and programming values. It is labeled JP2, and it is located at the rear of the Main Board. When ENTER is pressed with the lockout jumper in place, 5CRLE, [RL lb, CutoFF, tbRSE, tot [F, and dE[PL do not appear during the menu scroll, and thus cannot be modified.


5EtPt5 menu title always appears. Ability to change values may be restricted.
outPut menu title appears only if 4-20 mA output option is installed.

Figure 17. Functions Locked Out with Lockout Jumper
Notes:

1. The other function the lockout jumper performs is activating selections made through the d5PLRY menu. That is, selections made through the dSPLRY menu only become active when the lockout jumper is installed.
2. With the lockout jumper in place, the 5EtPES menu still appears. To program it so the set points, reset points or presets can only be viewed and not changed, it is necessary to set the SEtPL5 menu in the $d 5 P L R Y$ menu to $n$. To be able to change these values, set SELPES menu in the dSPLRY menu to $Y$.

## Display Selection (d5PLRY)

The display ( $d 5 P L R Y$ ) menu is used to remove menu titles from appearing during the menu scroll. This feature is useful for eliminating unused menu titles from the menu scroll, making it impossible to perform certain functions, and making the display automatically toggle between rate and total.
For instance, the user may want to eliminate certain unused menu titles from the scroll that do not relate to a particular application such as those relating to flow totalization. The d5PLRY menu could be used to eliminate the r5EL $\boldsymbol{t}$ (reset total) and the d5PY $\boldsymbol{L}$ (display total) and thus streamline the menu.
A supervisor may want to make it impossible for an operator to perform certain functions, but still allow himself to do them without having to remember passwords or remove a hard-to-get-at jumper. For instance, a supervisor could program the meter with the batch presets he wants and disable the 5EtPE5 menu, thus making it impossible for a user to change the batch presets by using the dSPLRY menu. When the supervisor wants to change the batch presets, he can re-activate the 5EtPE5 menu and make his changes. Or a supervisor may want to make it impossible for an operator to reset the total via the front panel, but still allow himself to do it easily. This can be accomplished by removing the $\boldsymbol{r}$ SEt $t$ (reset total) menu title from the menu scroll, thus making it impossible to reset the total via the front panel and then reactivating it when he wants to reset the total.
The user may want to make the display automatically toggle between rate and total. This can be accomplished by setting the dSPY $r$ (display rate) and d5PY $t$ (display total) menus to $n$ (no), as described below. With the lockout jumper in place, the menu titles dSPY r, dSPY $t$, r5Et $L$, d5PY P, 5EtPE5, d5PLRY, and, outPut can still be accessed. The 4-20 mA output calibration points can be viewed, but cannot be modified.


SEEPE5 menu title always appears.
Ability to change values may be restricted.

Figure 18. Menu Titles Excluded with d5PLRY Menu

## Notes:

1. The user may program which of these routine titles are active during operation and which ones are not. See below for instructions.
2. Selections made through the display menu can be made with or without the lockout jumper installed, but only become active when the lockout jumper is installed.
3. With the lockout jumper in place, the 5EtPES menu still appears. To program it so the set points, reset points or presets can only be viewed and not changed, it is necessary to set the SEtPES menu in the d5PLRY menu to $n$. To be able to change these values, set SELPES menu in the $\mathbf{d S P L R Y}$ menu to $\zeta$.

## Include or Exclude Menu Titles from Menu Scroll

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Press ENTER, then press ENTER again } \\ & \text { when the dSPLRY (display) function } \\ & \text { appears. The meter will now scroll through } \\ & \text { the various menu titles that can be included } \\ & \text { or excluded. To program a menu title, } \\ & \text { press ENTER when it appears. } \end{aligned}$ | d5PLRS |
| :---: | :---: |
| Set menu scroll to includelexclude display rate dSPY r (display rate) will appear for 3 seconds. Press ENTER to set. Otherwise wait and meter moves on to next menu title. | d5PY r |
| $\boldsymbol{y}$ or $n$ (yes or no) will flash alternately. To include d5PY $\boldsymbol{r}$ in menu scroll, press ENTER when $\boldsymbol{y}$ is displayed. To exclude it, press ENTER when $n$ is displayed. | Y or $n$ |

## Set menu scroll to includelexclude display total

dSPY $t$ (display total) will appear for 3 seconds. Press ENTER to set. Otherwise wait and meter moves on to next menu title.
$\boldsymbol{y}$ or $n$ (yes or no) will flash alternately. To include dSPY $r$ in menu scroll, press ENTER when $\cup$ is displayed. To exclude it, press ENTER when $n$ is displayed.

Set menu scroll to includelexclude reset total $r$ 5Et $t$ (reset total) will appear for 3 seconds. Press ENTER to set. Otherwise wait and meter moves on to next menu title.
$\boldsymbol{y}$ or $n$ (yes or no) will flash alternately. To include dSPY $r$ in menu scroll, press ENTER when $y$ is displayed. to exclude it, press ENTER when $n$ is displayed.

Set menu to include/exclude display peak d5PY P (display peak) will appear for 3 seconds. Press ENTER to set it. Otherwise wait and meter moves on to next menu title.
$y$ or $n$ (yes or no) will flash alternately. To include d5Py $r$ in menu scroll, press ENTER when $\boldsymbol{Y}$ is displayed. To exclude it, press ENTER when $n$ is displayed.

| Set menu scroll to includelexclude set points SEtPES <br> 5EtPL5 (set points) will appear for 3 seconds. Press ENTER to set. Otherwise wait and meter moves on to next menu title. | SELPL5 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\boldsymbol{y}$ or $\boldsymbol{n}$ (yes or no) will flash alternately. To include 5EtPE5 in menu scroll, press ENTER when $\boldsymbol{Y}$ is displayed. To exclude it, press ENTER when $n$ is displayed. | Y or $n$ |

Notes:

1. Select $n$ for both $d 5 P Y r$ and $d 5 P Y t$ to program the display to toggle between rate and total every 10 seconds.
2. Selecting $\cup$ for SEtPES will allow an operator to view and change set/reset points and presets even with the lockout jumper in place.
3. Selecting $n$ for $5 E t P L 5$ will still allow an operator to view set/reset points and presets, but will not allow making changes.
4. The total can be reset with an external push-button even if $r 5 E t \quad t$ is set to $n$.

## Alternating Display

The display may be programmed to automatically toggle between rate and total every ten seconds. The alternating display is set up by selecting $n$ (no) for both, d5PY $r$ (display rate) and d5PY $t$ (display total) on the d5PLRY (display) menu.

Note: Selections made through the display menu can be made with or without the lockout jumper installed, but only become active when the lockout jumper is installed.

The Lockout jumper must be installed to see the alternating display or any other display selection made.

## OPERATION

## Overview

This instrument is a frequency/pulse input meter with flow rate, totalizer, and batch control capabilities housed in a 1/8 DIN high-impact plastic enclosure with a NEMA 4 X front. It accepts pulse ( $\pm 125 \mathrm{mV}$ to $\pm 12 \mathrm{~V}$ ), square wave ( $0-5 \mathrm{~V}$, 0-12 V, or 0-24 V), open collector (NPN or PNP), TTL, or switch contact closure signals; and displays these signals in engineering units on a 0.56 " high $41 / 2$ digit LED display. The meter also provides one isolated 12 VDC or 24 VDC power supply to drive either the input or output loops. Options include up to 4 relays for alarms or batch controlling as well as an isolated 4-20 mA transmitter output.
The front panel of the meter consists of six 0.56 " high seven-segment LEDs as well as nine programming/operational LEDs. The programming/operational LEDs provide the following indication:

| LED | During Programming: | During Operation: |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Alarm 1 | Alarm 1 |
| 2 | Alarm 2 | Alarm 2 |
| 3 | Alarm 3 | Alarm 3 |
| 4 | Alarm 4 | Alarm 4 |
| S | Set point Indicator | None |
| R | Reset point Indicator | None |
| 4 | 4 mA Output Indicator | None |
| 20 | 20 mA Output Indicator | None |
| R | Rate Indicator | Rate |

The four alarm status LEDs indicate alarm condition only and do not represent relay status when set points are set up for non-latching relay mode. For instance, if alarm 1 is programmed for a high alarm at 500 with manual reset of the relays and the operator resets the relays when the display reads 650, the \#1 LED will stay on until the display falls below 500.
Set points set up for latching relay mode will reflect the status of the LEDs, regardless of the status of the alarm condition. For instance, when a latching relay is acknowledged the corresponding status LED will extinguish.

## Two Types of Display: Rate and Total

The meter has the capability to display both rate and total. The operator may toggle back and forth between flow rate and total automatically or manually. When the meter is displaying rate, an LED labeled $\mathbf{R}$ on the right side of the front panel, illuminates to indicate this. There is no loss of data while performing any of the programming or calibration operations; the meter continues working in the background even when values are being reprogrammed.


Figure 19. Meter Displaying Process/Rate


Figure 20. Meter Displaying Total

## Basic Meter Operation

## Overview

In its most basic form, the meter provides a digital display in engineering units of any frequency input signal. As a standard feature, the AC powered meters provide the power to drive either the input or the 4-20 mA output transmitter option.

## ENTER and ACK Button Operation

In addition to programming the meter, the ENTER button is also used to operate the meter.
The ACK button is used to acknowledge the relays during operation and to quit main menu scroll during programming, diagnostic menu, and calibration.
The ENTER button performs the following operations with lockout jumper installed:

| Function Displayed |  | Definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| d5PY r | Display Rate | Sets the rate as the default display |
| d5PY t | Display Total | Sets the total as the default display |
| r5Et t | Reset Total | Resets the totalizer to zero. |
| d5PY P | Display Peak | Displays the highest rate value captured |
| rSEt P | Reset Peak | Erases peak value from memory and captures a new reading |
| d5PLRY | Display Selection | Activates or de-activates display functions |
| di89 | Diagnostic | Displays parameter settings one at a time for diagnostic purposes. |

## Display Peak \& Reset Peak Operation (d5Py P \& rSEt P)

The meter captures the highest rate reading and displays it through the dSPY P (display peak) function. The peak value may be reset using the r5Et $P$ (reset peak) function.

## Display Peak (Hold) Reading

| Press ENTER, then press ENTER <br> again when the $\mathbf{d 5 P Y} P$ (display <br> peak) menu-title appears. | ENTER | d5PY P |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Meter displays peak reading <br> The meter is now displaying the peak <br> reading as indicated by the flashing <br> green R LED on the right side. |  |  |

Reset Peak Reading

| Press ENTER, then press ENTER <br> again when the $\mathbf{r} 5 E t P$ (reset peak) <br> menu-title appears. | r5EL $P$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Meter returns to displaying current <br> value |  |  |
| The meter is now displaying the <br> current value. The flashing green $\mathbf{R}$ |  |  |
| LED on the right side has stopped <br> flashing. |  |  |

Note:
While in the $d 5 P Y P$ (display peak) mode, the meter continues capturing new peaks; but it does not respond to signals below the last peak value captured; it remains "locked" on the peak display reading. For instance, if while the meter is displaying a peak of 100, the input increases to 150, the new peak of 150 will be displayed. If the input falls down to 125 before the peak display is reset, the meter will continue displaying 150 as the peak reading.

## Rate Meter Operation

## Overview

The meter can also be used to display flow rate and is available with a low-flow cutoff feature. Totalizer functions can be excluded from the menu scroll through the d5PLRY function, if the user is not interested in total display.

## Display Rate (dSPY r)

The user may toggle between a display of rate or total at any time. When displaying rate, the rate LED indicator will be illuminated. To change the display to rate:

| To change the display from reading <br> total to rate |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Press ENTER to begin scrolling <br> through the functions. |  |
| When d5PY r (display rate) <br> appears, press ENTER. |  |
| The meter now displays rate and the <br> green R LED on the right side is <br> illuminated. |  |

## Low-Flow Cutoff (CutoFF)

The low-flow cutoff feature allows the meter to be programmed so that any input below the cutoff point is always displayed as zero on the rate display.
In multi-point calibration/scaling, the total is based on the rate display; so, inputs below the low-flow cutoff value will not affect the totalizer.
In K-factor scaling, the totalizer ignores the low-flow cutoff; the totalizer counts every incoming pulse regardless of the rate display.

## Totalizer Operation

## Overview

The total is displayed on a six-digit display that is capable of reading to 999,999. When the total exceeds 999,999, the display rolls over and begins counting from zero again without loosing counts. The total can be reset at any time via the front panel, via an external switch closure, or when the meter reaches the highest preset value.
In multi-point calibration/scaling, the meter calculates the total based on rate display and field programmable total conversion factor to display total in engineering units. Time base must be selected according to time units in which rate is displayed.
In K-factor scaling, the meter calculates the total based on the input pulses, K-factor value, and total conversion factor.

## Display Total (d5PY t)

The user may toggle between a display of rate or total at any time.
When displaying rate, the rate LED indicator will be illuminated.

| To change the display from reading rate <br> to total |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| The meter is now displaying rate, as <br> indicated by the green "R" LED illuminated <br> on the right side of the display. Press <br> ENTER to begin scrolling through the <br> functions. |  |  |
| When d5PY $t$ (display total) <br> appears, press ENTER. |  |  |
| The meter now displays total. |  |  |

Total Conversion Factor (tot [F) and Time Base ( $t$ bRSE)
The total conversion factor is a number that is multiplied by the rate to compute the total. Time base is available in seconds, minutes, and hours.

## Applications Using Conversion Factor and Time Base

 The following tables illustrate the effect various total conversion factors and time bases have on the operation of the meter:Application 1

| Rate | Time <br> Base | Total <br> Conv. <br> Factor | Total after <br> one <br> second | Total after <br> one minute | Total <br> after one <br> hour | Total <br> after one <br> day |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 60 <br> GPM | $\min$ | 1 gal | 1 gal | 60 gal | 360 gal | 8640 gal |

In the above application, a total conversion factor of 1 with a rate of 60 GPM results in a total of 60 gallons after 1 minute.

Application 2

| Rate | Time <br> Base | Total <br> Conv. <br> Factor | Total after <br> one <br> second | Total after <br> one <br> minute | Total <br> after one <br> hour | Total <br> after one <br> day |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 60 <br> GPM | $\min$ | 0.2 | 0.2 can | 12 cans | 720 cans | 17280 <br> cans |

In the above application, 5-gallon paint cans are being filled and the user wants to keep track of the number of cans that have been filled, not the total gallons of paint that has been dispensed.

## Totalizer Reset

The totalizer may be reset in any of three ways:

1. Via the front panel ENTER button
2. External contact closure
3. Automatically via highest preset value

## Resetting Total Using the ENTER Button

| Press ENTER, then press ENTER <br> again when the r 5Et $t$ (reset total) <br> function appears. After ENTER is <br> pressed, the total display resets to zero. | $\boxed{S N T E R}$ | 87652.0 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |

Note: It is possible to exclude the reset total function from the menu scroll. See Display Selection (dSPLAy), page 62 for details.

## Resetting Total via External Contact Closure

The total may be reset at any time by closing a normally open pushbutton switch that is wired across terminals R and CM located on the Main Board connector. See Figure 11 on page 26 for details. Note that this switch is still functional even if reset total function has been removed from the menu scroll.

## Resetting Total Automatically via User Selectable Preset

 The meter can also be programmed so the total automatically resets when the total reaches a user selectable preset value.
## Relays Operation

## Overview

The relay capabilities of the meter expand its usefulness beyond simple indication to provide users with alarm and control functions. These capabilities include front panel alarm status LEDs as well as either 2 or 4 optional relays. There are four basic ways the relays can be used:

1. High or Low Alarms
2. Simple On/Off Control with 100\% Adjustable Deadband
3. Automatic Batch Control
4. Manual Batch Control

## Relays Auto Initialization

When power is applied to the meter, the front panel LEDs and alarm relays will reflect the state of the input to the meter. For instance, when meter is powered up, the following table indicates how the alarm LEDs and relays will react based on the various set and reset points:

| Alarm <br> $\#$ | HI or LO | Set point | Reset <br> point | Power-up <br> reading |  <br> LED |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | HI | 1000 | 500 | 499 | Off |
| 2 | LO | 700 | 900 | 500 | On |
| 3 | LO | 250 | 400 | 500 | Off |
| 4 | HI | 450 | 200 | 500 | On |

## Fail-Safe Operation

The following table indicates how the relays behave based on Jumper JP6 being installed or not installed:

| Jumper JP6 on <br> Display Board | Fail-safe | Relay coils <br> energized in | Power failure |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| On | Enabled | Non-alarm state | Relays go to <br> alarm state |
| Off | Disabled | Alarm state | Relays go to <br> non-alarm state |

## Front Panel LEDs

The LEDs on the front panel provide status for the following:

| LED | Status |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Alarm 1 |
| 2 | Alarm 2 |
| 3 | Alarm 3 |
| 4 | Alarm 4 |


| LED | Status |
| :---: | :--- |
| $S$ | Set point Indicator |
| $R$ | Reset point Indicator |
| 4 | 4 mA indicator |
| 20 | 20 mA indicator |
| $R$ | Rate indicator |

The meter is supplied with four alarm points that include front panel LEDs to indicate alarm conditions. This standard feature is particularly useful for alarm applications that require visual-only indication. The front panel LEDs are controlled by the set and reset points programmed by the user. When the display passes a set point for a particular alarm, that alarm's LED will light up. When the meter passes back through that alarm's reset point the LED will go off. The front panel LEDs respond differently for latching and non-latching relays.
For non-latching relays, the LED is always off during normal condition and always on during alarm condition, regardless of the state of the relay.
For latching relays, the alarm LEDs reflect the status of the relays, regardless of the alarm condition. The following tables illustrate how the alarm LEDs function in relation to the relays and the acknowledge button:

## Latching and Non-Latching Relay Operation

Rate relays can be set up for latching or non-latching operation.
Relay key legend for following tables

| Key | Relay condition |
| :---: | :--- |
| On | Tripped |
| Off | Reset |
| Ack | Acknowledged |

The On and Off keys do not refer to the status of the relay's coil, which depends on the fail-safe mode selected.

## Non-Latching Relay

Automatic reset only JP3(1-4 off)

| Condition | LED | Relay |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Normal | Off | Off |
| Alarm | On | On |
| Ack (No effect) | On | On |
| Normal | Off | Off |

In this application, the meter is set up for automatic reset and nonlatching relay. Acknowledging the alarm while it is still present has no effect on either the LED or the relay. When the alarm finally goes away, the relay automatically resets and the LED also goes off.

## Non-Latching Relay

Automatic + manual reset at any time JP3(1-4 on)

| Condition | LED | Relay |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Normal | Off | Off |
| Alarm | On | On |
| Normal | Off | Off |

In this application, the meter is set up for automatic and manual reset at any time and non-latching relay. The LED and the relay automatically reset when the meter returned to the normal condition.

Automatic + manual reset at any time JP3(1-4 on)

| Condition | LED | Relay |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Normal | Off | Off |
| Alarm | On | On |
| Ack | On | Off |
| Normal | Off | Off |

In this application, the meter is also set up for automatic and manual reset at any time. But this time, an operator acknowledges the alarm manually while it still exists. This causes the relay to reset, but the LED stays on until the meter returns to the normal condition.
Remember, for non-latching relays, the LED is always off during normal condition and always on during alarm condition, regardless of the state of the relay.

## Latching Relay

Manual reset only after signal passes reset point JP3(1-4 off)

| Condition | LED | Relay |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Normal | Off | Off |
| Alarm | On | On |
| Ack (No effect) | On | On |
| Normal | On | On |
| Ack | Off | Off |

In this application, the meter is set up for manual reset only after the signal passes the reset point of the latching relay. Acknowledging the alarm while it is still present has no effect on either the LED or the relay. When the alarm is acknowledged after it returns to the normal state, the LED and the relay go off. Notice that the LED remained on, even after the meter returned to the normal condition. This is because, for latching relays, the alarm LEDs reflect the status of the relays, regardless of the alarm condition.

## Manual reset only after signal passes reset point JP3(1-4 off)

| Condition | LED | Relay |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Normal | Off | Off |
| Alarm | On | On |
| Normal | On | On |
| Ack | Off | Off |

In this application, the meter is set up for manual reset only after the signal passes the reset point of the latching relay. When the alarm is acknowledged after it returns to the normal state, the LED and the relay go off.

Manual reset any time JP3(1-4 on)

| Condition | LED | Relay |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Normal | Off | Off |
| Alarm | On | On |
| Ack | Off | Off |

In this application, the meter is set up for Manual reset at any time. Acknowledging the alarm even if the alarm condition is still present resets the relay and turns off the LED.

## Acknowledging Relays

There are two ways to acknowledge relays programmed for manual reset: via the front panel ACK button and remotely via a switch wired across AK and CM terminals on the Main Board. When the ACK button or a switch wired across the AK and CM terminals is closed, all relays programmed for manual reset will reset.
The total display is not affected by this action and therefore pressing the ACK button or closing the acknowledge switch will not reset the total.

## Delay on Release (dELRY)

The meter can be programmed so that when the highest preset value is reached the total automatically resets to zero (Automatic Batch Control). A delay on release can be programmed to reset the total relays after the delay has elapsed. The delay can be programmed between 1 and 999 seconds.
Example: Under the 5EtuP menu, relay 1 and 2 are assigned to total, OFF5EL is not selected, internal total reset ( $t$ ) is selected and a dELRY of 60 second is programmed. Under SEtPES menu, the preset values are programmed as follows:

5Et I (preset 1): 1000
5Et 2 (preset 2): 2000
When the total reaches 1000, relay 1 transfers. The total keeps increasing until it reaches 2000; at that moment, relay 2 transfers, the total resets to zero automatically, delay on released starts. Then 60 seconds later relays 1 and 2 reset automatically and are ready to start a new batch.

## Priority Batch Programming or Quick Presets

For some batch control applications it may be necessary to change the presets frequently. The meter has a Quick Preset change feature that allows all presets to be changed without entering the programming routine.
To change presets without entering the programming routine press and hold the ENTER button for more than 3 seconds. The meter will go immediately to the first preset; the user can now program all presets. After the last preset has been programmed the meter returns to reading the rate or total.

It is recommended to disable the process while changing presets.
See application note AN-0001 at predig.com for more details.

## Switching Inductive Loads

The meter has the ability to suppress electrical noise generated by switching inductive loads. However installing resistor-capacitor (RC) networks improves performance and prolongs the life of the meter's relay contacts. This suppression can be obtained with RC networks assembled by the user or purchased as complete assemblies. Refer to the following circuits for RC network assembly and installation: Switching AC and DC Loads


Figure 21. AC and DC Loads Protection

## Choose $R$ and $C$ as follows

R: 0.5 to $1 \Omega$ for each volt across the contacts
C: 0.5 to $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ for each amp through closed contacts

## Notes:

1. Use capacitors rated for 240 VAC.
2. RC networks may affect load release time of solenoid loads, check to confirm proper operation.
3. Install the RC network at the meter's relay screw terminals. An RC network may also be installed across the load. Experiment for best results.

## Switching Low Voltage DC Loads



Use a diode with a reverse breakdown voltage two to three times the circuit voltage and forward current at least as large as the load current.

Figure 22. Low Voltage DC Loads Protection
RC Networks Available from Precision Digital
RC networks are available from Precision Digital and should be applied to each relay contact switching an inductive load. Part number PDX6901.

## Lockout and Display Selection Operation

## Overview

The meter provides the user with the ability to restrict modification of programming values and to exclude menu titles from appearing during the menu scroll. Restricting modification of the programming values is accomplished by installing the lockout jumper JP2. Excluding menu titles from the menu scroll is performed with the display menu.

## Low Voltage Detector

The meter has a circuit, which monitors the line voltage. To protect against data loss the meter will shut down, after saving the total, when the voltage falls below specifications.
At power up the display normally flashes a test display of 188888 for a few seconds. If the line voltage is below specifications the meter will flash $1888 B L$ until the problem is corrected.

## Diagnostic (d ifs) Feature

## Overview

The diagnostic menu in the meter provides an easy way to view and write down the parameter settings. The information gathered through the diagnostic menu will be helpful to determine if a wrong setting is causing the operation of the meter to be undesirable.

## Operation

When the diagnostic menu is entered, the function and programmed parameters setting will be displayed one at a time. Press ENTER to step through the functions and settings. If ENTER is not pressed within 10 seconds, the display will move to the next function or setting. To exit the diagnostic menu press the ACK button at any time.

## Reset Meter to Factory Defaults

1. Remove the snap-off front cover, see page 81.
2. Using a pair of needle-nose pliers, short out the solder pads located on the top and bottom of the Main Board, to the right of the ACK button below JP6 (see Figure 2 on page 20), until the display shows "rE5EL".
3. Press the ENTER button. The meter starts scrolling the menus.
4. Press the ACK button, at any time, to exit the menu scroll.

## OPTIONS CARD REMOVAL \& INSTALLATION

Meter options are installed at the factory. It is NOT necessary to remove the circuit boards from the case to disable the relays' fail-safe operation. The fail-safe jumper is located on the Display Board, see Figure 2 on page 20. Refer to the following instructions and illustrations to remove the snap-off cover and the circuit boards from the case.


Disconnect power prior to performing the following operations.

To remove the front cover from the case:
The meter's snap-off cover is held in place by 6 latches that snap into notches on the snap-off cover. To remove the snap-off cover from the meter, grasp it firmly on its top and bottom edges and pull it forward. The latch plate remains around the meter's case.

## To remove the circuit boards from the case:

1. Unscrew the retaining screws holding the circuit boards to the case.
2. Remove the screw terminal connectors at the rear of the meter.
3. Push the boards through the case by applying pressure to the circuit boards at the rear of the meter. Apply pressure evenly to both boards.
4. Do not apply pressure to the vertical Display Board.


Figure 23. Front Cover Removal
5. Jumper J2 on Options Board must NOT be installed on meters that have the fail-safe jumper JP6 on the Display Board.
6. To avoid electric shock, re-install the circuit boards in the case prior to applying power.

All programming and calibrating can be performed with the circuit boards installed in the case.

## To re-install the meter in its case:

1. Fold the Options Board over the Main Board, grasp both boards so the Main Board is on the bottom and the two Boards are separated by about an inch.
2. Insert the two boards together into the case. Be sure both the top and bottom boards engage the rails, which hold them in place.
3. Do not press on the Display Board when seating the assembly in the case.
4. Install washers and retaining screws in 4 corners of meter and install front cover.


Figure 24. Options Card Installation

## PROGRAMMED PARAMETER SETTINGS

The following table shows the factory setting for most of the programmable parameters on the meter. Next to the factory setting, record the new setting for the particular application.
Model:
S/N:
Date:

| Parameter | Display | Factory Setting | User Setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input range |  | 0-30,000 Hz |  |
| Type of signal |  | 0-12V square wave pulse |  |
| Calibration mode | FRctor | 1.000 |  |
| Filter | H: 5Pd | High speed filter |  |
| Total dec. point |  | 999999 |  |
| Rate decimal point |  | 29999 |  |
| Cutoff value | CutuFF | - 199.99 |  |
| Time base | 5E[ | Second |  |
| Low gate | L0 | 10 |  |
| High gate | Hi | 3.0 |  |
| Total conv. factor | tot [F | 1000 |  |
| Set point setup | 5Et 1 | tothi |  |
|  | 5Et 2 | totrit |  |
|  | SEt 3 | rRtE |  |
| Latching relay | LRt[H | Non-latching |  |


| Parameter | Display | Factory Setting | User Setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SEE 4 | rRtE |  |
| Latching relay | LRELH | Non-latching |  |
| Total reset mode | E r St | External total reset |  |
| Set point | SEt 1 | 1000 |  |
|  | SEt 2 | 4000 |  |
|  | SEt 3 | 7000 |  |
|  | (Reset 3) | 6000 |  |
|  | 5Et 4 | 9000 |  |
|  | (Reset 4) | 8000 |  |
| 4-20 mA out | (4 mA) | 00000 |  |
|  | (20 mA) | 10005 |  |
| Display selection | dSPY r | UE5 |  |
|  | d5PY t | UE5 |  |
|  | r5Et t | 4E5 |  |
|  | d5PY P | 455 |  |
|  | SEtPL5 | no |  |

User Set point Setup and Programming Table

| Parameter | Display | User Setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Set point 1 | SEt 1 |  |
|  | LRELH |  |
| Set point 2 | SEt 2 |  |
|  | LRELH |  |
|  | OFFSEt |  |
| Set point 3 | 5Et 3 |  |
|  | LRELH |  |
|  | OFFSEt |  |
| Set point 4 | SEt 4 |  |
|  | LRELH |  |
|  | OFFSEt |  |
| Total reset mode | 1 or E |  |
| Delay on release | dELRY |  |
| Set point 1 | 5Et 1 |  |
| Reset point 1 | (Reset 1) |  |
| Set point 2 | 5Et 2 |  |
| Reset point 2 | (Reset 2) |  |
| Set point 3 | 5Et 3 |  |
| Reset point 3 | (Reset 3) |  |
| Set point 4 | SEt 4 |  |
| Reset point 4 | (Reset 4) |  |

## MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



Required for Installation
Figure 25. Mounting Dimensions


Figure 26. Panel Cutout Dimensions

## Notes:

1. Panel cutout required: $1.772^{\prime \prime} \times 3.622$ " ( $45 \mathrm{~mm} \times 92 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) $1 / 8 \mathrm{DIN}$
2. Panel thickness: 0.125" - 0.250" (3.2 mm - 6.4 mm )
3. Clearance: Allow 6 " ( 152 mm ) behind the panel

## OTHER PRECISION DIGITAL PRODUCTS

| Model | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| PD118 | MINIMUX ${ }^{\oplus} 8$ Point Scanner |
| PD141AFO | VIGILANTE ${ }^{\oplus}$ four Point Annunciator with First-Out |
| PD202-253 | Digital Pressure Gauges |
| PD602 | Dart Low-Cost 1/8 DIN Process Meter |
| PD644 | Javelin D High-Voltage DC Panel Meter |
| PD650 | 2.3" LED NEMA 4X Large Display Process Meter |
| PD655 | 1.0" LED NEMA 4X Large Display Process Meter |
| PD656 | 0.8" LED Exp-Proof Large Display Process Meter |
| PD660 | Low-Cost NEMA 4X Loop Powered Meter |
| PD661 | Low-Cost Exp-Proof Loop Powered Meter (FM \& CSA) |
| PD673 | 4½ Digit Loop Powered 1/8 DIN Meter |
| PD675 | 4112 Digit Loop Powered NEMA 4X Meter (FM \& CSA) |
| PD677 | 4½ Digit Loop Powered Exp-Proof Meter |
| PD685 | 3½ Digit Loop Powered NEMA 4X Meter (General Purpose) |
| PD686 | 3½ Digit Loop Powered NEMA 4X Meter (FM \& CSA) |
| PD687 | 3½ Digit Loop Powered Exp-Proof Meter (FM \& CSA) |
| PD690 | 1/8 DIN Analog Input Process Meter (UL Listed) |
| PD691 | 1/8 DIN Strain Gauge \& mV Input Meter (UL Listed) |
| PD692 | 1/8 DIN Analog Input Flow Rate/Totalizer (UL Listed) |
| PD696 | 1/8 DIN Loop Powered Flow Rate/Totalizer |
| PD697 | NEMA 4X Loop Powered Flow Rate/Totalizer |
| PD698 | Exp-Proof Loop Powered Flow Rate/Totalizer (FM \& CSA) |
| PD740 | Javelin T TC \& RTD Temperature Meter (Low-Cost) |
| PD750 | TC \& RTD Temperature Meter (UL Listed) |
| PD751-752 | $10 \Omega \mathrm{Cu} \& 120 \Omega$ Ni RTD Temperature Meters (UL Listed) |
| PD755 | 1.0" LED NEMA 4X Large Display Temperature Meter |
| PD756 | 0.8" LED Exp-Proof Large Display Temperature Meter |
| PD757 | 2.3" LED NEMA 4X Large Display Temperature Meter |
| PD765 | Trident Process \& Temperature Meter (UL Listed) |
| PD865 | Snooper Modbus Serial Input Meter |
| PD940-981 | ConsoliDator ${ }^{\circledR}$ Multi-Channel Controllers |

## How to Contact Precision Digital

- For Technical Support please
call: (800) 610-5239 or (508) 655-7300
fax: (508) 655-8990
e-mail: support@predig.com
- For Sales Support or to place an order please
call: (800) 343-1001 or (508) 655-7300
fax: (508) 655-8990
e-mail: sales@predig.com
- For Extended Warranty, Setup \& Calibration Services please visit www.predig.com
- For an online version of this instruction manual please visit
www.predig.com

